

The Benefits of Membership

Customized Analysis of Member Benefits For:

Idaho

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Prepared by:

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About The Membership Benefits Report

The Membership Benefits report communicates the financial value of credit union membership to credit union staff, members, potential members, community leaders and policy makers. The report compares credit union dividend rates, loan rates, and fees to those of banking institutions in the state¹. It combines those comparisons with the state call report data to develop an overall estimate of the annual financial benefits provided to members.

It is important to remember that the report gives a *conservative* estimate of benefits. For example, it does not consider non-financial benefits such as access to a large ATM network, financial counseling, or auto buying services.

When interpreting the report, remember that any benefit above \$0 means credit unions are delivering financial benefits compared to the average banking institution.

Not all credit unions will deliver lofty financial benefits. Greater financial benefits tend to be found among credit unions that offer a greater variety of services and those with lower operating expense ratios (i.e., higher economies of scale). On the other hand, higher operating expense ratios tend to be associated with other non-financial benefits, such as personalized “high-touch” services.

The report measures benefits at one distinct point in time. Operational and strategic decisions – building new branches, expanding fields of membership, introducing new products – will undoubtedly be reflected in credit union pricing decisions (and estimated benefit levels).

¹ The source for banking institution interest rate and fee data is Datatrac. Datatrac is the nation’s leading rate survey firm and tracks interest rates at over 15,000 institutions nationally.

Idaho

The Benefits of Membership

Credit unions generally provide financial benefits to members through lower loan rates, high saving rates, and fewer fees than banking institutions.

The Credit Union National Association (CUNA) estimates that Idaho credit unions provided \$58,838,257 in direct financial benefits to the state's 520,948 members during the twelve months ending September 2009.

These benefits are equivalent to \$73 per member or \$138 per member household ⁽¹⁾.

The per-member and per-household benefits delivered by Idaho credit unions are substantial. But, these benefits are *averages*. Mathematically, that means the total benefits provided are divided across all members (or all member households) - even those who conduct very little financial business with Idaho credit unions.

Consider this:

Financing a \$25,000 new automobile for 60 months at a Idaho credit union will save members an average \$163 per year in interest expense compared to what they would pay at a banking institution in the state.

Further, loyal members - those who use the credit union extensively - often receive total financial benefits that are much greater than the average.

Idaho credit unions excel in providing member benefits on many loan and saving products. In particular, Idaho credit unions offer lower average loan rates on the following accounts: new car loans, used car loans, first mortgage-adjustable rate, .

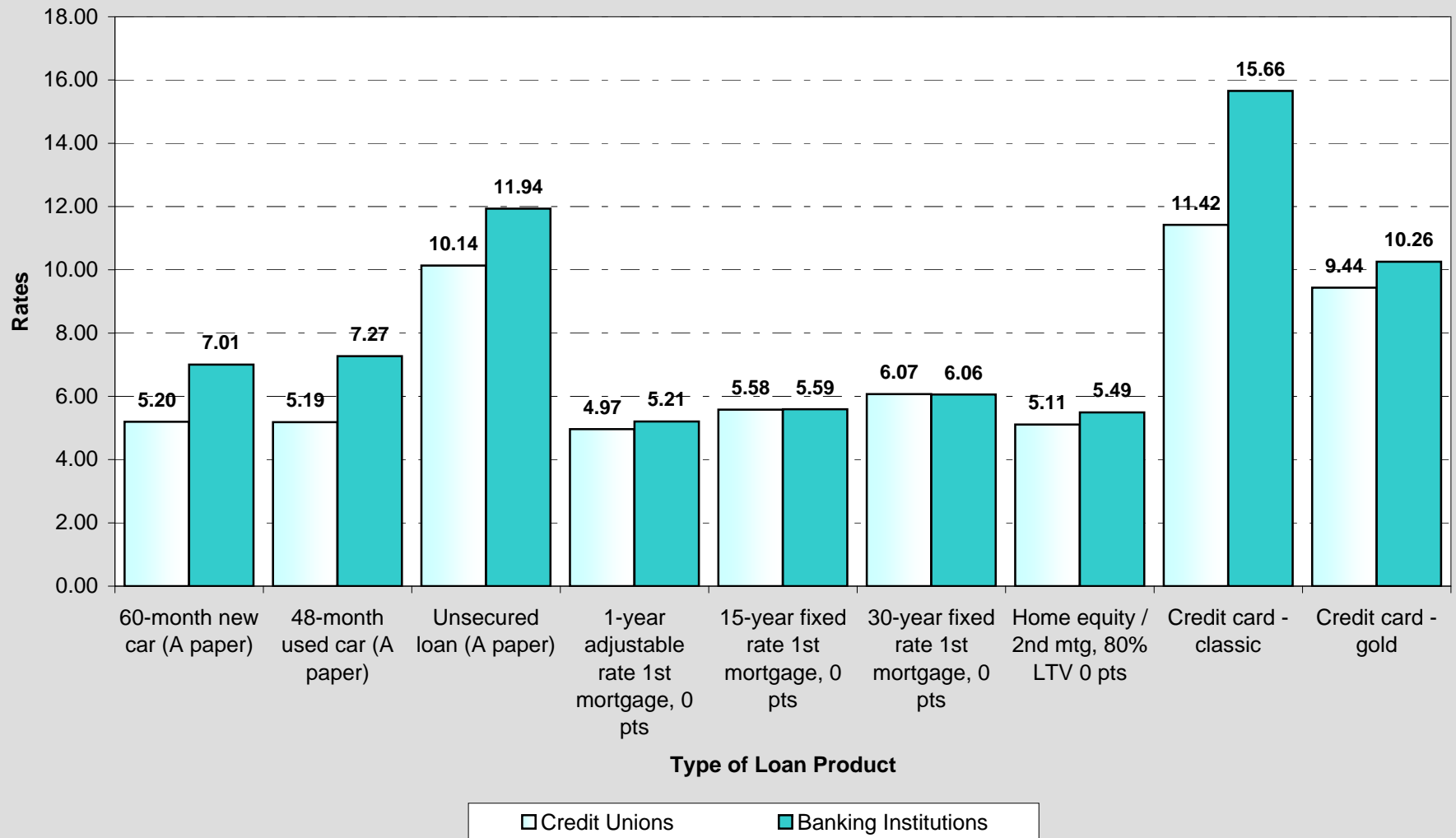
Idaho credit unions also pay members higher average dividends on the following accounts: regular savings, share draft checking, money market accounts, certificate accounts, IRAs.



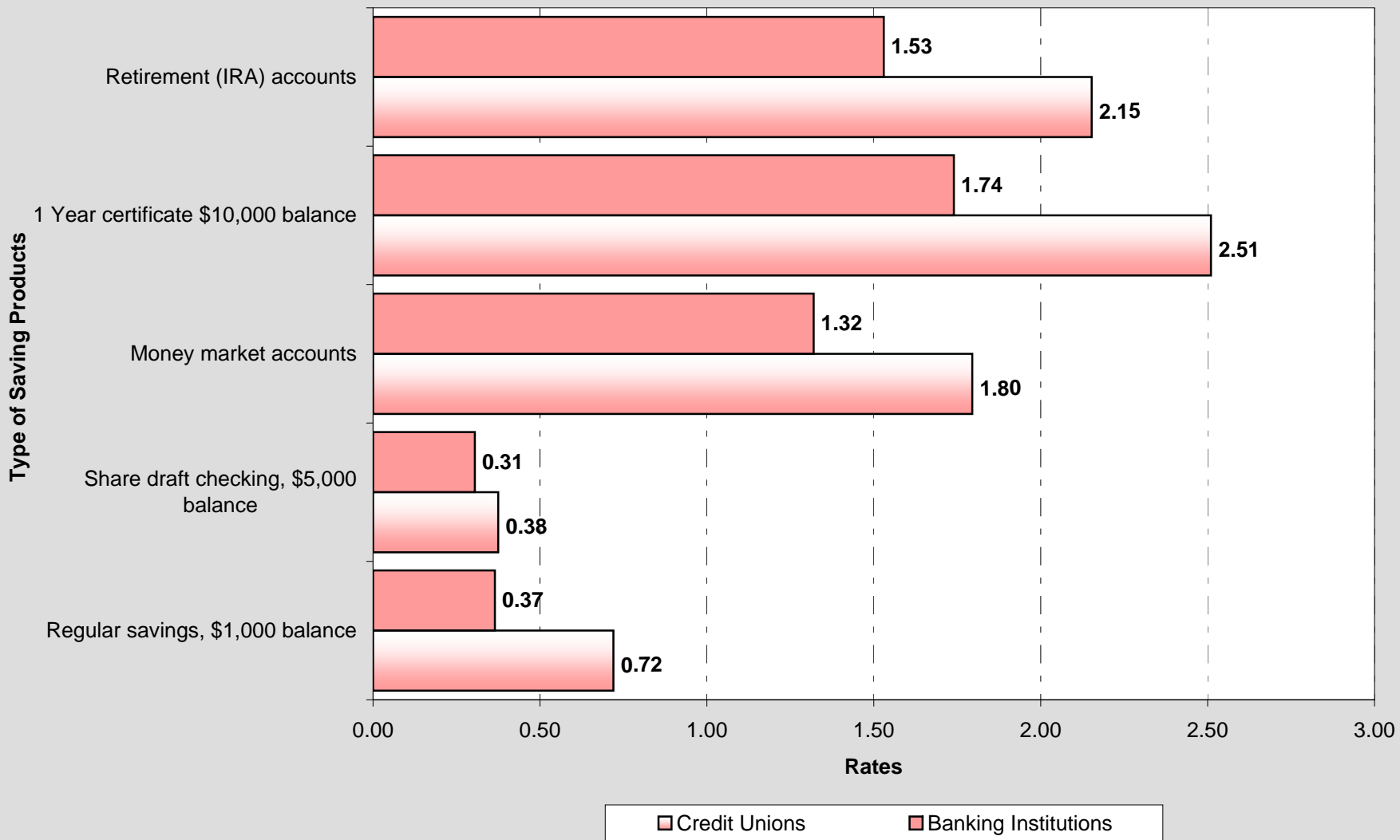
Source: Datatrac, NCUA, and CUNA.

(1)Assumes 1.9 credit union members per household.

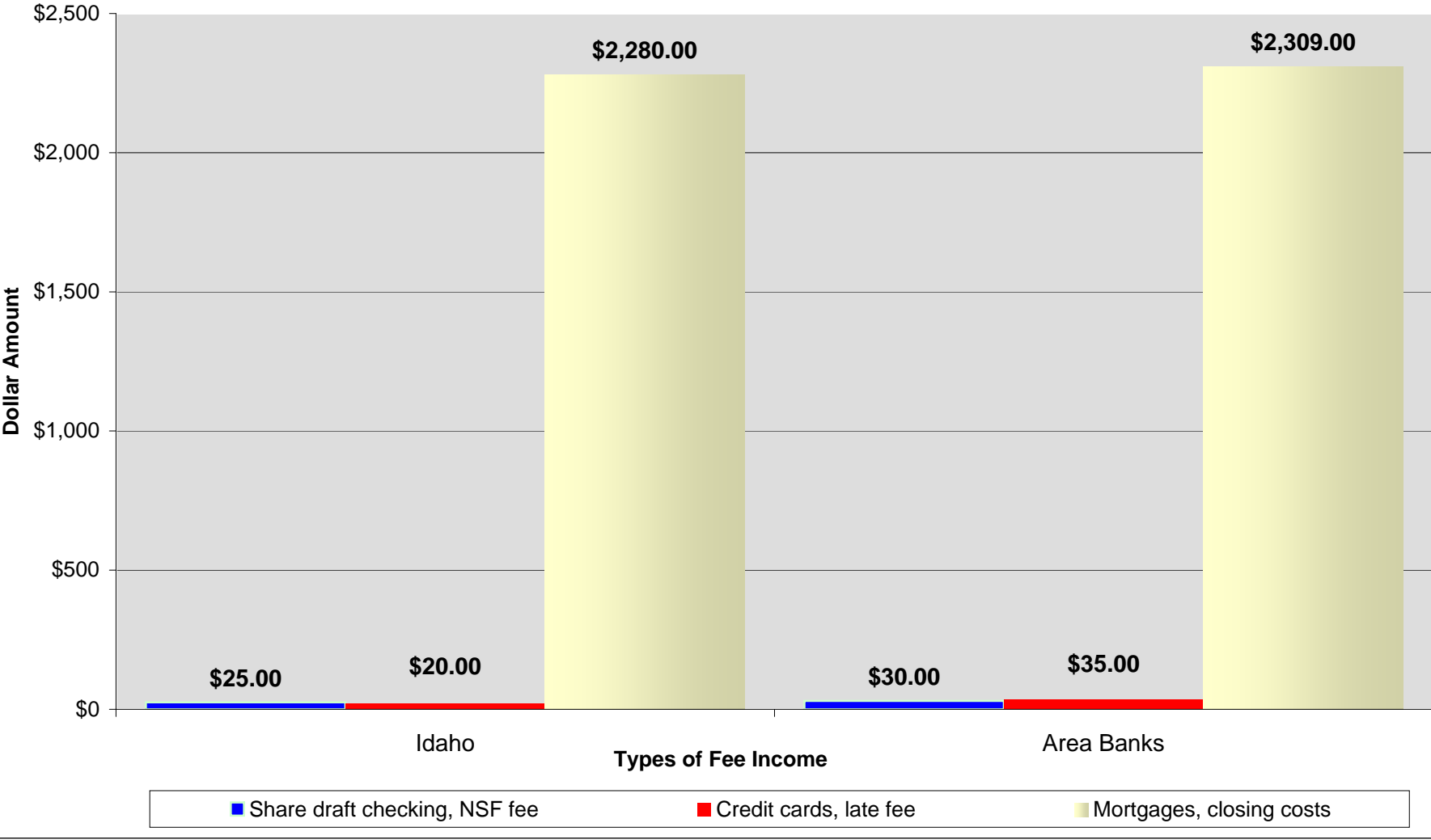
Recent Comparative Interest Rates for Loan Products Credit Unions vs. Banking Institutions



Recent Comparative Interest Rates for Credit Unions Saving Products Credit Unions vs. Banking Institutions



Selected Third Quarter 2009 Credit Union Fees compared to Banking Institutions

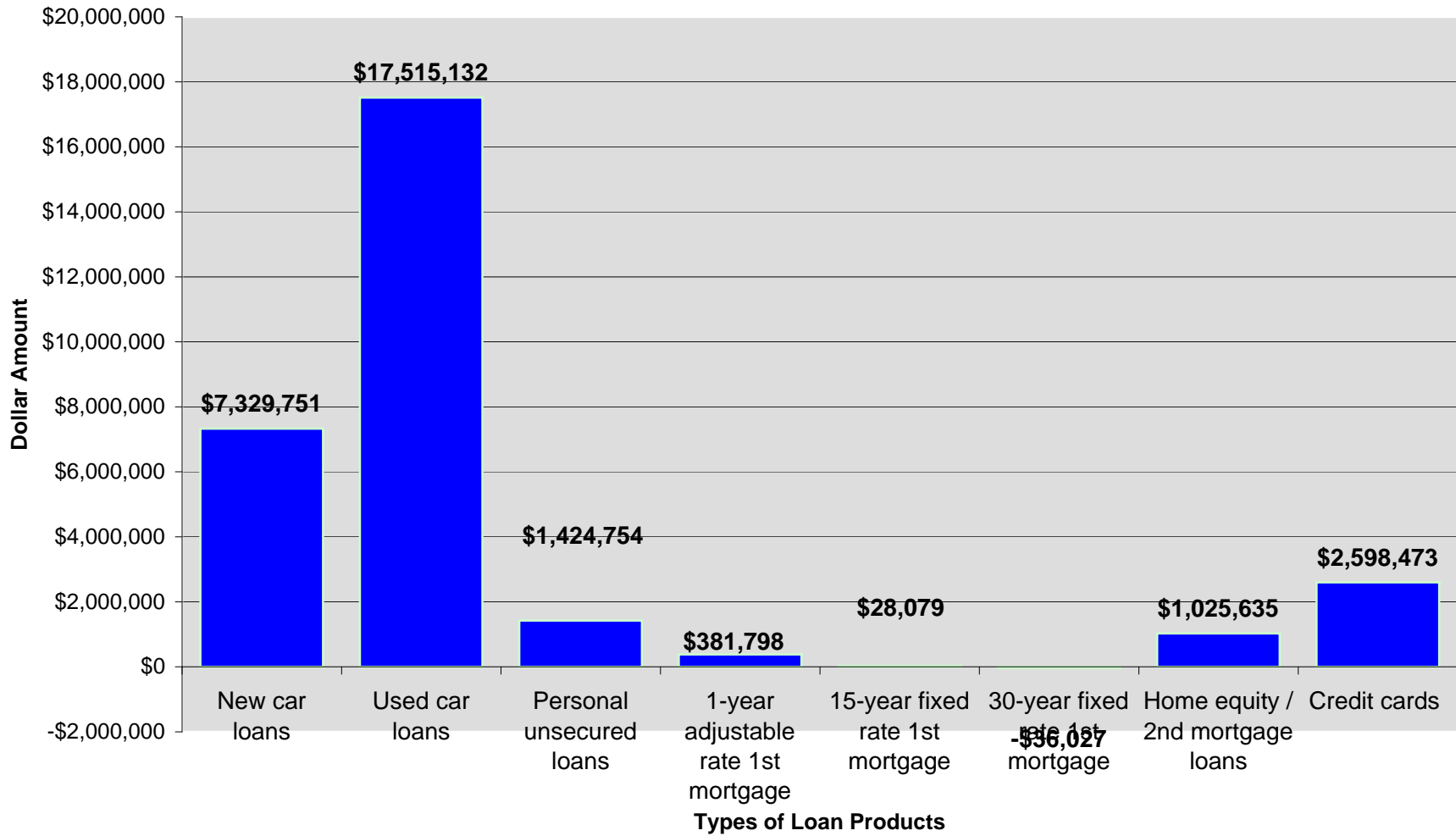


Idaho
Credit Union and Banking Institution
Third Quarter 2009 Average Interest Rates and Fees

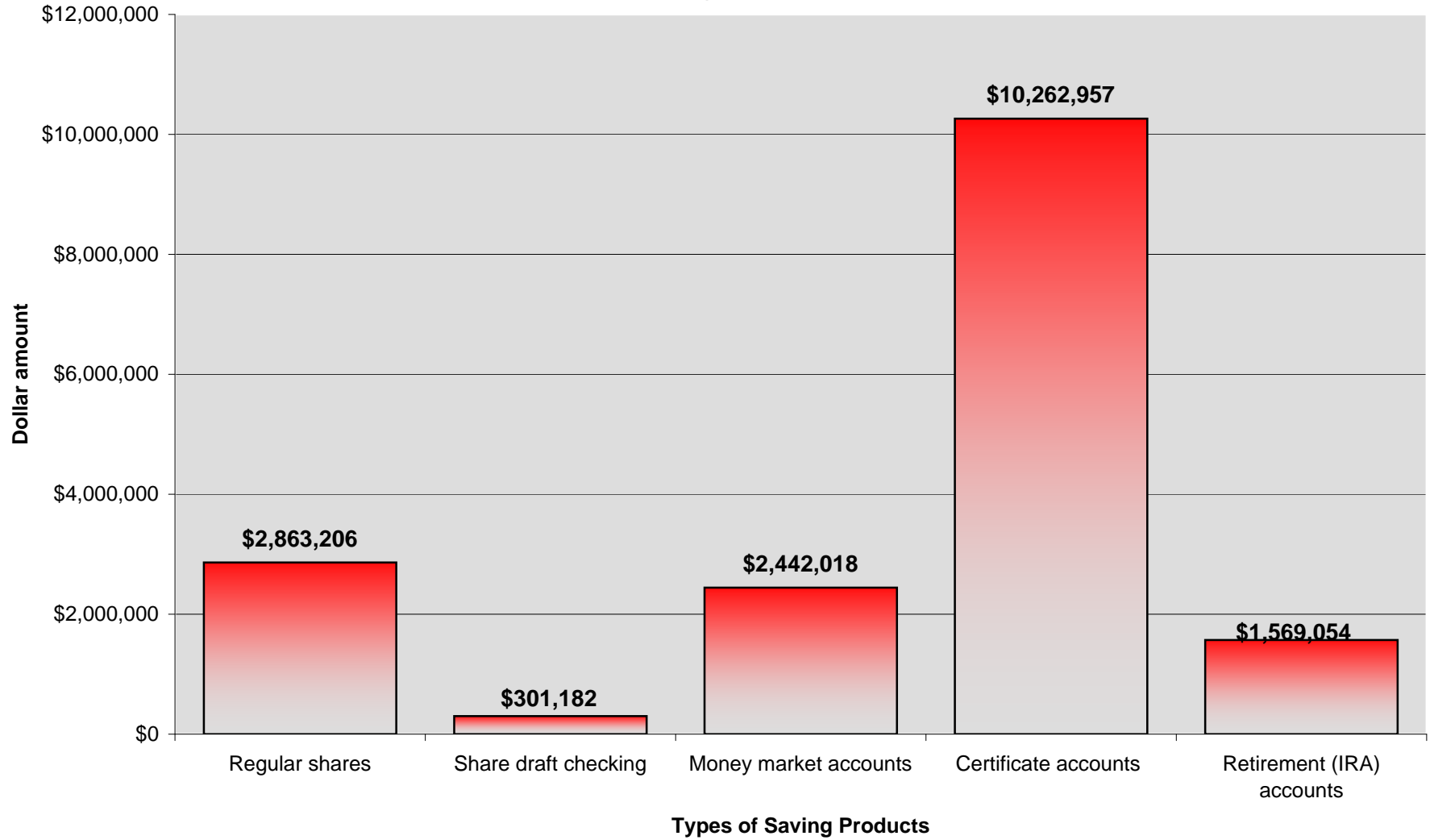
Loan Products	Average Rate at Credit Unions (%)	Average Rate at Banks (%)	Rate Difference vs. Banks (%)
60-month new car (A paper)	5.20	7.01	-1.81
48-month used car (A paper)	5.19	7.27	-2.09
Unsecured loan (A paper)	10.14	11.94	-1.80
1-year adjustable rate 1st mortgage, 0 pts	4.97	5.21	-0.24
15-year fixed rate 1st mortgage, 0 pts	5.58	5.59	-0.01
30-year fixed rate 1st mortgage, 0 pts	6.07	6.06	0.01
Home equity / 2nd mtg, 80% LTV 0 pts	5.11	5.49	-0.38
Credit card - classic	11.42	15.66	-4.24
Credit card - gold	9.44	10.26	-0.82
Savings Products			
Regular savings, \$1,000 balance	0.72	0.37	0.36
Share draft checking, \$5,000 balance	0.38	0.31	0.07
Money market accounts	1.80	1.32	0.48
1 Year certificate \$10,000 balance	2.51	1.74	0.77
Retirement (IRA) accounts	2.15	1.53	0.62
Fee Income			
Share draft checking, NSF fee	\$25.00	\$30.00	-\$5.00
Credit cards, late fee	\$20.00	\$35.00	-\$15.00
Mortgages, closing costs	\$2,280.00	\$2,309.00	-\$29.00

Source: Datatrac

Estimated Credit Union Loan Rate Benefits vs. Banking Institutions



Estimated Credit Union Savings Dividend Benefits vs. Banking Institutions



Estimated Idaho Credit Unions Financial Benefits Third Quarter 2009

<u>Loans</u>	Avg. Balance at Credit Unions (1)	Rate Difference vs. Idaho Banks (%) (2)	Total Financial Benefit to Your Members
New car loans	404,958,614	-1.81	\$7,329,751
Used car loans	840,054,290	-2.09	\$17,515,132
Personal unsecured loans	79,153,021	-1.80	\$1,424,754
1-year adjustable rate 1st mortgage	159,082,302	-0.24	\$381,798
15-year fixed rate 1st mortgage	280,789,804	-0.01	\$28,079
30-year fixed rate 1st mortgage	360,265,312	0.01	-\$36,027
Home equity / 2nd mortgage loans	269,903,829	-0.38	\$1,025,635
Credit cards	76,849,473	-4.24	\$2,598,473
Interest rebates in period			\$0
Total CU member benefits arising from lower interest rates on loan products:			\$30,267,595
 <u>Savings</u>			
Regular shares	806,536,890	0.36	\$2,863,206
Share draft checking	430,260,439	0.07	\$301,182
Money market accounts	514,108,973	0.48	\$2,442,018
Certificate accounts	1,332,851,563	0.77	\$10,262,957
Retirement (IRA) accounts	252,056,890	0.62	\$1,569,054
Bonus dividends in period			\$0
Total CU member benefit arising from higher interest rates on saving products:			\$17,438,417
 <u>Fee Income</u>			
Total CU member benefit arising from fewer/lower fees:			\$9,128,316
 Total CU member benefit arising from interest rates on loan and savings products and lower fees:			\$56,834,328
 Total CU member benefit / member:			\$109
Total CU member benefit / member household:			\$207

Source: Datatrac, NCUA, and CUNA

(1) Average balance as of year-end 2007 and year-end 2008, according to the NCUA call report.; (2) Source for rates and fees: Datatrac;

Idaho
Performance Profile

Demographic Information	Sep-09	Sep-08
Number of branches	179	174
Total assets (\$ mil)	4,112	3,622
Total loans (\$ mil)	2,860	2,661
Total surplus funds (\$ mil)	1,042	758
Total savings (\$ mil)	3,583	3,184
Total members (thousands)	529	514
Growth Rates (Year-to-date)		
Total assets	10.8 %	7.2 %
Total loans	6.1 %	8.8 %
Total surplus funds	27.9 %	2.2 %
Total savings	9.0 %	6.9 %
Total members	3.1 %	2.7 %
Earnings - Basis Pts.		
Yield on total assets	503	569
Dividend/interest cost of assets	184	242
Fee & other income *	168	155
Operating expense	340	358
Loss Provisions	59	32
Net Income (ROA) after stabilization exp *	37	92
Capital adequacy		
Net worth / assets	9.3	10.5
Asset quality		
Delinquencies / loans	1.1	0.7
Net chargeoffs / average loans	0.7	0.4
Total borrower-bankruptcies	18	9
Bankruptcies per 1000 members	2.0	1.0
Asset/Liability Management		
Loans / savings	79.8	83.6
Loans / assets	69.6	73.5
Long-term assets / assets	28.2	28.0
Core deposits/shares & borrowings	35.0	37.2
Productivity		
Members/potential members	6.6	7.0
Borrowers/members	50.1	49.2
Members/FTE	347	339
Average shares/members (\$)	6,775	6,193
Average loan balances (\$)	10,792	10,527
Salary & Benefits/FTE	49,145	45,574

***Credit unions did not uniformly report stabilization expenses or reversals of the expense. Therefore, some income and expense ratios are not comparable to previous periods. Use extreme caution when coming to conclusions from this data.**